

Eliminate the Regressive Sales Tax on Diapers and Feminine Hygiene Products

# **SUPPORT**

SB 57 SEN. COLEMAN (R-Arnold)

SB 671 SEN. GREGORY (R-St. Louis County)

SB 95 SEN. LEWIS (D-Kansas City)

HB 483 REP. HAUSMAN (R-St. Peters)

HB 633 REP. BOYKO (D-St. Louis County)

HB 472 REP. DOLL (D-St. Louis County)

HB 935 REP. HEIN (D-Springfield)

HB 955 REP. MANSUR (D-Kansas City)

HB 648 REP. SHARP (D-Kansas City)

### Missouri Taxes Diapers and Feminine Hygiene Products Like They're Luxury Products

- Missouri taxes diapers and feminine hygiene products at 4.225%.
- Missouri taxes other necessities at lower rates:
  - Groceries are taxed at 1.225%
  - Many healthcare products, such as hearing aids and wheelchairs, are tax exempt

## **DIAPER NEED**



- Babies need about 6 to 8 diapers every day. That's about 2,555 diapers every year.<sup>1</sup>
- About 36% of U.S. parents with children aged 0-3 struggle to meet their child's diaper needs.<sup>2</sup>
- Parents who can't afford enough diapers report changing their babies' diapers less frequently.<sup>3,4,5</sup> Less frequent diaper changes put babies at risk for urinary tract infections, skin infections, and diaper dermatitis.<sup>6,7,8,9</sup>
- Parents who can't afford enough diapers also report skimping on food purchases to buy diapers.<sup>10,11</sup>

# **PERIOD POVERTY**



- In a survey of low-income women seeking services from St. Louis community organizations, 64% couldn't afford enough feminine hygiene products to manage their period at least once a year. 21% couldn't afford enough every month.<sup>12</sup>
- 33.6% of girls surveyed at a high-need St. Louis high school had skipped school in the past year because they couldn't afford enough feminine hygiene products to get through the school day. 16.8% skipped school at least once every month because they couldn't afford enough feminine hygiene products.<sup>13</sup>

To learn how you can help, visit missouriappleseed.org or email Liza Weiss at LWeiss@appleseednetwork.org





### **GIVE MISSOURI FAMILIES A TAX CUT**

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- <sup>1</sup> Porter, S. & Steefel, L. (2015). Diaper need: a change for better health. *Pediatric Nursing 41*(3): 141 144. https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Sallie-Porter/publication/280391690\_Diaper\_Need\_A\_Change\_for\_Better\_Health/links/5867dd3e08ae6eb871b751a1/Diaper-Need-A-Change-for-Better-Health.pdf
- <sup>2</sup> Sobowale, K., Clayton, A., & Smith, M.V. (2021). Diaper need is associated with pediatric care use: an analysis of a nationally representative sample of parents of young children. *The Journal of Pediatrics* 230: 146 151. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ipeds.2020.10.061
- <sup>3</sup> Smith, M.V., Kruse, A., Weir, A., Goldblum, J. (2013). Diaper need and its impact on child health. *Pediatrics* 132(2): 253–259.
- <sup>4</sup> Belarmino, E.H., Malinowski, A., & Flynn, K. (2021). Diaper need is associated with risk for food insecurity in a statewide sample of participants in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC). *Preventive Medicine Reports 22*. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pmedr.2021.101332
- <sup>5</sup> Randles, J. (2022). Fixing a leaky U.S. social safety net: diapers, policy, and low-income families. SF: The Russell Sage Foundation Journal of the Social Sciences 8(5): 166 183. DOI:10.7758/RSF.2022.8.5.08.
- <sup>6</sup> Adalat, S., Wall, D., & Goodyear, H. (2007). Diaper dermatitis frequency and contributory factors in hospital attending children. *Pediatric Dermatology* 24(5):483 488. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1525-1470.2007.00499.x
- <sup>7</sup> Sugimura, T., Tananari, Y., Ozaki, Y., Maeno, Y., Tanaka, S., Ito, S., Kawano, K., & Masunaga, K. (2009). Association between the frequency of disposable diaper changing and urinary tract infection in infants. *Clinical Pediatrics* 48(1):18-20. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/0009922808320696
- <sup>8</sup> Porter & Steefel, ibid.
- <sup>9</sup> Sobowale, Clayton, & Smith, ibid.
- <sup>10</sup> Belarmino, ibid.
- <sup>11</sup> Randles, ibid.
- <sup>13</sup> Sebert Kuhlmann, A., Teni, M.T., Billingsley, C., & Key, R. (2021). Period product insecurity, school absenteeism, and use of school resources to obtain period products among high school students in St. Louis, Missouri. *The Journal of School Nursing*. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/10598405211069601



